



CARE PATHWAY

Date: 08/02/2024

Always ensure a full wound care assessment has been completed and the wound dimensions have been recorded.

Suggested Treatment Objectives Effective management of very wet wounds

Prevent/reduce skin damage

Reduce dressing changes

Protect garments and bed linen

Identify individual wound treatment objectives



CHECK FarlaCare WOUND CONTINUUM FOR WOUND TYPE

IS THE WOUND VERY WET?

NO

YES

NO

Identify where the wound

fits with the continuum and

follow the pathway

Initiate treatment with FarlaSORB dressing

YES

First dressing change: Has the treatment objective been achieved?

YES

Weekly review Continue with FarlaSORB until:

Exudate levels decrease. Step down to FarlaFOAM·S or similar.

Farla SORB Size	
Sizes	Fits Wound
10x10cm	6x6cm
10x20cm	6x16cm
15x20cm	11x16cm
20x20cm	16x16cm
20x30cm	16x26cm
40x60cm	36x56cm
	Sizes 10x10cm 10x20cm 15x20cm 20x20cm 20x30cm

Identify why the treatment objective has not been reached:

- Is the wound too wet?
- Is the wound too dry?
- Too frequent dressing changes?
- Is the surrounding skin macerated?

Consider:

- Changing the dressing size or type (see FarlaCARE wound continuum)
- Hydrating the wound if dry (e.g. Hydrogel dressing or FarlaLITE)
- Initiating fibre/ cavity dressing (e.g.FarlaFIBRE) if wound is deep
- · Changing the therapy e.g. to compression, NPWT or antimicrobial dressing if there are signs of infection
- · Peri-Wound Management

Discontinue the dressing if the patient has an adverse reaction to it or it becomes unsuitable for the patient in anyway.

If the wound does not progress please refer to tissue viabilty or wound care specialist.

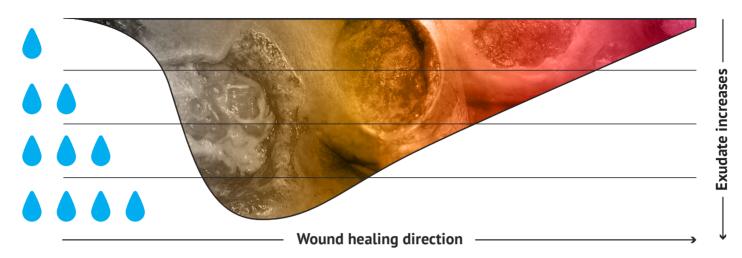
Supporting effective patient outcomes Clinical Enquiries Helpline: +44 (0)330 118 6600 or clinical@farla.co.uk





Farla SORB

FarlaCare Wound Continuum - Wound depth, type, location and exudate level influence dressing selection



FarlaCONTACT can be used as a wound contact layer across all wound types.



TYPE 1.

Dead tissue and skin. Add moisture to debride. Cover with a semi-occlusive dressing.

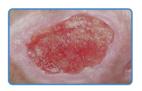


TYPE 2.
Yellow, slimy and stingy wound.
Clean and dress with absorbent
dressing. (e.g FarlaFOAM.S)



TYPE 3.

Deep wound. Fill with fibre dressing (e.g FarlaFIBRE) and cover with absorbant dressing.



TYPE 4.

Pink, knobbly textured healing skin. Protect with absorbent dressing. (e.g FarlaFOAM.S)



TYPE 5.

Pink healing skin. Protect with light absorbant dressing. (e.g Hydrocolloid)

Dressing Selection - Select according to wound type and characteristics

FarlaFIBRE

CARES FOR DEEP WET WOUNDS (CAVITY & FLAT DRESSINGS AVAILABLE) ABSORBS FLUID SWELLS TO FIT WOUND PROMOTES HEALING REQUIRES COVER DRESSING

FarlaSORB

CARES FOR VERY WET WOUNDS ABSORBS & LOCKS IN FLUID PROTECTS HEALTH SKIN REQUIRES SECURING (CAN BE USED OVER FarlaFIBRE)

FarlaFOAM·S

CARES FOR SHALLOW WET WOUNDS
ABSORBS FLUID
GENTLE ADHESIVE
PROTECTS WOUND
(CAN BE USED OVER FarlaFIBRE)

FarlaLITE

CARES FOR MINOR WET WOUNDS PROTECTS INTACT SKIN & WOUNDS PROMOTES AUTOLYTIC DEBRIDEMENT USEFUL TO PROTECT PINK HEALING SKIN















