

Always ensure a full wound care assessment has been completed and the wound dimensions have been recorded

Suggested Treatment Objectives

Provide secondary bacteria-proof dressing
 Promote autolytic debridement (removal of dead/sloughy tissue)
 Maintain moist healing environment
 Protect skin from damage e.g. excess moisture and/or adhesives
 Other : Identify individual treatment objectives



Does the wound fit in the right place in the FarlaCare Continuum:

YES

Initiate treatment with Farla**LITE**.

NO

Identify where the wound fits with the continuum and follow the appropriate pathway.

First dressing change:-
has the treatment objective been achieved?

NO

YES

Weekly review continue with FarlaLITE** until:** Wound heals
 If using the dressing for removing dead/sloughy tissue you may need to use a more absorbent dressing after this takes place.

Why has the treatment objective not been achieved?

- Is the wound too wet?
- Is there evidence of skin maceration
- Is the dressing being changed too frequently?
- Is the wound is too dry (desiccated, black hard eschar)

Consider:-

- Check the dressing is the right size for the wound.
- You may use a more absorbent dressing e.g. Farla**FOAM.S**
- You may use a gelling fibre dressing underneath the Farla**LITE** e.g. Farla**FIBRE**
- You may use a hydrogel under the dressing to add moisture to the wound and aid dead/sloughy tissue removal (debridement)

| Product codes | Sizes | Fits Wound |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 545418 | 5cm x 5cm | 3cm x 3cm |
| 545419 | 10cm x 10cm | 8cm x 8cm |
| 545420 | 15cm x 15cm | 13cm x 13cm |

Dressing Selection: – Discontinue dressing if the patient has an adverse reaction to it or it becomes unsuitable for the patient in anyway.

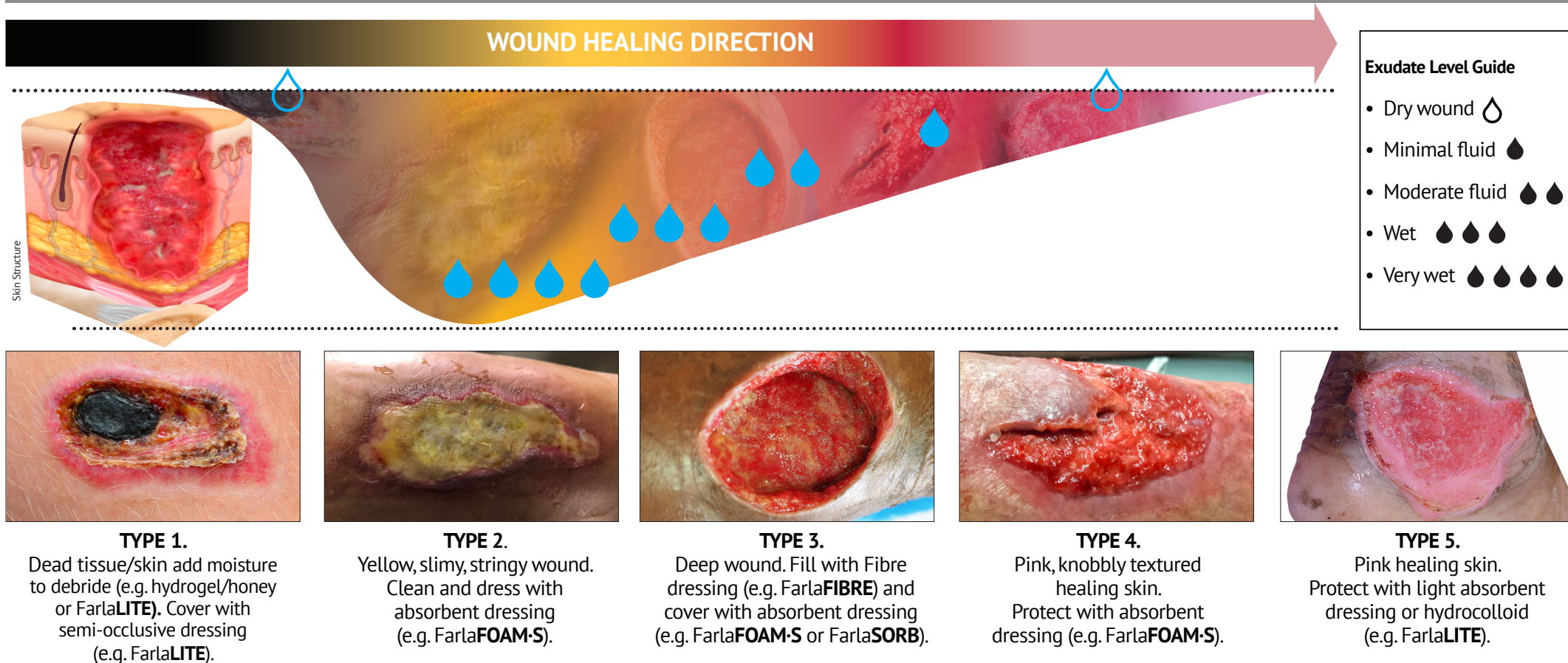
If wound does not progress refer to tissue viability or wound care specialist



**CARE
PATHWAY**

FarlaLITE

FarlaCare Wound Continuum – Wound depth, type, location and exudate level influence dressing selection



Dressing Selection: – If a primary non stick contact layer is required to protect the wound and surrounding skin from the risk of a secondary dressing sticking use Farla**CONTACT**. Select dressings according to wound type and characteristics for example:-

| Farla LITE | Farla FIBRE | Farla SORB | Farla FOAM-S | Farla LITE |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Cares for minor wet and dry wounds (can be used over Farla FIBRE or a hydrogel) Protects intact skin and wounds. Promotes autolytic debridement. | Cares for deep wet wounds (cavity and flat dressings available) absorbs fluid and swells to fit wound. Promotes healing and requires cover dressing (Farla LITE or Farla FOAM-S). | Cares for very wet wounds absorbs & locks in fluid. Protects healthy skin requires securing (can be used over Farla FIBRE). | Cares for very wet wounds absorbs & locks in fluid. Protects healthy skin requires securing (can be used over Farla FIBRE). | Cares for minor wet and dry wounds (can be used over Farla FIBRE or a hydrogel) Protects intact skin and wounds Promotes autolytic debridement. |